ASPECTS OF QUALITY ASSURANCE AT EGERTON UNIVERSITY

About the University

- 1939; University started as an Agricultural School.
- 1955; Started offering diplomas in Agriculture.
- 1986; Constituent College of the University of Nairobi.
- 1987; Acquired full public University status.

Student enrolment, slightly over 12,000.

Teaching staff, 650.

Administrative staff, 600.

Support staff, 1100

Faculties

- Agriculture.
- Science.
- Engineering and technology.
- Education and community studies.
- Environment and resources development.
- Arts and social sciences.
- Commerce.
- Health sciences.
- Institute of women, gender and development studies.

Programmes and duration of studies

- All programmes anchored on credit factors of 15 teaching hours each.
- Diploma minimum hours to graduate 90 credit factors.
 Normally takes 3 years.
- Degree min = 144 or 4 years.
- Masters 2 years.
- Doctorate 3 years.

Quality of students

- Students are admitted by the senate except degree students who are admitted jointly by the public Universities senates.
- Diploma min C grade at Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KSCE).
- Degree min C+ at KCSE.
- Masters min B grade at Bachelors.
- Doctorate; a Masters degree.

Curriculum development

- Starts in the department.
- Conceived debated and formulated.
- Forwarded to the Faculty.
- Debated in consultation with stakeholders.
- Forwarded to Board of Undergraduate studies.
- Tabled in senate for further deliberation and if deemed fit is approved and advertised.

Teaching staff

 Minimum qualification for a lecturer (Doctorate).

 No compulsory requirement for skills in pedagogy.

Progression dependent on publications.

Directorate of Quality Assurance

- University's objective:
- Guarantee quality of processes, products and services.
- The DQA is responsible for implementing this objective.
- Monitors and oversees performance contracts and performance appraisal systems.
- Coordinates student evaluations, signing of performance contracts, implementation of the service delivery charters,

Challenges

 High Student to lecturer ratios in some programmes.

Inadequate ICT capabilities.

 Differences in the education systems in East Africa. (e.g Kenya vs Tanzania).

